

## FEATURES OF LEGAL REGULATION MARRIAGE AND FAMILY RELATIONS.

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The relevance of studying this topic is due to the fact that in recent years, scientific interest in the problems of the institution of marriage has increased markedly, a large number of scientific publications on this topic have appeared. Where the authors touch on various issues in this area. However, this is not enough. Since the institution of marriage is presented only in general terms, many issues that require scientific understanding remain unresolved. On most issues there is no unity of views.

**Material and methods.** The material for writing the work was such regulatory legal acts as the Constitution of the Republic of Belarus, the Code of Civil Procedure of the Republic of Belarus and others, as well as statistical data. During the study, the following methods were applied: analysis, synthesis, formal legal.

**Findings and their discussion.** Since ancient times, the family has been considered the highest value of a person, the highest indicator of the level of moralization of society. Over the centuries, the customs of its formation have changed, improved, progressed. The legislation on marriage and the family of any state is the legal basis on which relations in the family between spouses, parents and children, formed on the basis of morality, traditions, religion, are built. Our state, having chosen the status of a democratic state, puts the development and strengthening of the institution of family and marriage as a paramount task for each new generation.

“Marriage is a voluntary union of a man and a woman, which is concluded on the conditions provided for by the Code of Civil Procedure, is aimed at creating a family and gives rise to mutual rights and obligations for the parties” [1].

According to statistics over the past three years in the Republic of Belarus, the number of concluded marriage unions is unstable. According to the National Statistical Committee, in 2019 there were 62744 marriages, in 2020 – 50384, and in 2021 in total – 59649 [2].

Divorce statistics have the following indicators: 2019 – 34470, 2020 – 35144, 2021 – 34386 [3]. Having considered the statistics on divorces, we can conclude that their number is kept almost at the same level. But comparing them with the number of marriages, we see that more than half of the families break up.

It is the state that is interested in influencing the matrimonial sphere, which necessitates the legal regulation of relations between a man and a woman and the formation of legislation that will stabilize marriage and family relations and create the conditions necessary and sufficient for concluding a lasting marriage and developing sustainable family relations.

The institution of marriage is a key one in the science of family law. The need for close attention to the issues of the institution of marriage is caused, first of all, by the formation of the legal system of the Republic of Belarus, the improvement of legislation on marriage in the family, the functioning of the rule of law, the implementation of political and economic reforms, the need to improve the general culture of society and, above all, legal culture. Despite the fact that the legislation of the Republic of Belarus

regulates in some detail the conditions and procedure for entering into and terminating a marriage, at the same time, it contains gaps and contradictions.

**Conclusion.** Marriage and the family are among such phenomena, the interest in which has not weakened since their inception to the present day, which is explained by their versatility and significance in people's lives. To strengthen family relations, additional measures aimed at supporting families are needed.

1. Code of the Republic of Belarus on marriage and family [Electronic resource]: July 09, 1999, No. 278-3: amended. and additional // STANDARD. Legislation of the Republic of Belarus / Nat. center of legal information. Rep. Belarus. – Minsk, 2022.

2. Number of marriages [Electronic resource] / National Statistical Committee of the Republic of Belarus // Access mode: <http://dataportal.belstat.gov.by/Indicators/Preview?key=128414> – Access date: 10/15/2022.

3. The number of divorces [Electronic resource] / National Statistical Committee of the Republic of Belarus // Access mode: <http://dataportal.belstat.gov.by/Indicators/Preview?key=128416>. – Access date: 07.10.2022.

### SYSTEM OF CIVIL SERVICE IN THE REPUBLIC OF BELARUS

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In accordance with article 1 of the Law “On Civil Service”, civil service is a professional activity of citizens of the Republic of Belarus holding public positions, carried out for the purpose of directly exercising state powers and (or) ensuring the performance of the functions of state bodies or officials of the Republic of Belarus. This activity is carried out on behalf of the state and in the areas most significant for the Republic of Belarus, in connection with which there is a need to clearly regulate its passage, admission, legal status of persons in the service. This law does not regulate the activities of specific organizations, individual employees, it basically establishes the rules for organizing the service, namely its status, requirements for those entering the service, their rights and obligations, restrictions, rules of professional ethics, certification, responsibilities.

The purpose of this study is to identify the features of each type of service, as well as to conduct a comparative analysis of the legislation.

**Material and methods.** The legal basis is the Law on Public Service. The main methods of writing the article are the method of analysis and comparison.

**Findings and their discussion.** In the Republic of Belarus, the state civil service, the state military service, as well as service in paramilitary organizations are enshrined at the legislative level.

In 2022, a new Law “On Public Service” (further the Law) was adopted, which for the first time consolidated the system of public service. Thus, in accordance with article 2, the civil service system consists of the state civil service, military service, as well as service in paramilitary organizations. Each type of service differs mainly in the place of passage, in