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## LEGAL SUPPORT OF E-BUSINESS IN THE REPUBLIC OF BELARUS

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Today one of the most important infrastructure elements in the formation of a new economy is the world system of unified computer networks for storing and transmitting information "Internet". The business is undergoing a process of reorientation to remote work with clients, especially in a difficult epidemiological situation. The use of ICTs is becoming a daily occurrence. Mass media and global communication mechanisms are used in all spheres of life. All this indicates the relevance and importance of improving legal support in the field of e-business.

Research objective: relevance identification of features and improvement of the mechanism of e-business financial and legal management.

**Material and methods.** As part of the research, the works of domestic and foreign scientists, as well as normative legal acts are studied. The following general scientific methods were used: analysis, comparison, analogy and others, as well as structural-legal and formal-legal methods.

**Findings and their discussion.** The Republic of Belarus has started implementing the national security Concept since 2010, which pays special attention to information security. The Information sphere is becoming a systemforming factor in the life of people, societies and states.

In this regard, the information sphere plays a key role for the national security of the country. Among the sources of threats to national security in the information sphere, the Concept identifies the following phenomena and trends:

- dissemination of false or intentionally distorted information;
- the quality of national content does not match the world level;
- insufficient efficiency of information support;

- openness and vulnerability of the information space to external influences;

- monopolization of key segments of information markets by foreign information structures;

- development of information manipulation technologies, etc.

All this is closely related to the process of conducting e-business in the Republic of Belarus. Speaking about this form of entrepreneurial activity, it should be noted that e-business is "a form of business process in which interaction between subjects occurs in the electronic space" [1]. When launching a business on the Internet, companies pursue the following tasks:

•expansion / diversification of sales markets;

•expanding your market share;

•expanding the customer base;

•reduction in temporary ways, "the client-the seller»;

•access to the international economic zone, etc. <

The basis of legal regulation of electronic commerce in the Republic of Belarus is the Law of the Republic of Belarus "On state regulation of trade and public catering in the Republic of Belarus [2], the Law of the Republic of Belarus "On information, informatization and information protection" [3], the Law "On electronic document and electronic digital signature" [4], etc.

It should also be noted that at the legislative level, many aspects of e-Commerce are not fixed. Due to the rapid development of information and communication technologies, new ways and opportunities for online trading are constantly emerging, which are not reflected in the legal acts in a timely manner. In legal regulation, it is not enough just to protect business, ensure the rights and interests of consumers and the state, as new legal restrictions are emerging. All this indicates a lack of flexibility and speed of adaptation of the domestic legislative system to the needs of business. It is also necessary to take into account the information security of personal data of buyers.

**Conclusion.** The legislation of the Republic of Belarus does not address the protection of the right to privacy in the context of the transfer to third parties of personal data, information about the amount and conditions of electronic transactions. As a result, individual companies use this to their advantage in online trading. We will refer to personal data as phone numbers, residential addresses, credit card numbers, and passport data.

It follows that the legislation of the Republic of Belarus does not fully establish responsibility for violation of the procedure for obtaining personal data.

In this regard, the following steps should be taken in the Republic of Belarus

• develop a comprehensive legal act that would ensure full and comprehensive regulation of the e-Commerce sector;

• clearly define the rights and responsibilities of subjects who work with personal data;

• improve the information, financial and legal literacy of citizens in matters of personal data protection;

• create an integrated economic and legal system for regulating e-business.

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## PREVENTION PROBLEMS OF A NEWBORN CHILD: THE RIGHT TO LIFE VIOLATION

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In the system of social protection of states, prevention of violation of the right to life of a newborn child is defined as a priority, because the life of a child is the highest value of the state. The relevance of the topic of our research lies in the fact that the effectiveness of preventive measures by the state in this direction remains low. One of the main reasons for this situation is the insufficient efficiency of work on the social rehabilitation of families at risk.

The purpose of our study is to use a structural method to highlight the main problems of prevention of measures to violate the right to life of a newborn child and to propose ways to overcome these problems.

**Material and methods.** The scientific and theoretical basis is the normative legal norms, the works of the authors, considering the issues of prevention of measures to violate the right to life of a newborn child. When writing the paper, the method of analysis of theoretical and legal views was used. The method of analysis was used in conjunction with the method of synthesis, which made it possible to combine various points of view into a single whole and systematize the features of consolidating these issues.

**Findings and their discussion.** In the Republic of Belarus, according to the Protocol of the joint meeting of the Grodno Regional Coordination Council for the Prevention of Offenses, the Committee for Minors of the Regional Executive Committee, the Coordination Council of the Regional Executive